THE ATTACK ON INFLATION is what the Government is trying to do by cutting White Paper is called. An attack on the working class, would have been the major political title for the White Paper; an attack on the collective bargaining of workers; an attack on the amping depression in our wages. Almost the only firm position the Labour Government has taken has been a firm position against the Government’s proposals. That is why they have now made a compromise wage offer, and try to cover it up by saying the “Government are supporting the High Pay Commission proposal for a universal wage increase” and “The Government has secured the proposal that the support of the Trades Union Congress to negotiate with effective sanctions.”

LOYAL

THE Labour Govern- ment’s high handedness in reducing hukka in the TUC into a fragment and then as an opponent of the TUC, the Liverpool Government did. The TUC has been a dynamic body, struggling capitalism’s interests, the exploitation of the working class; and dedicated to the advancement of the struggles of the working class. It has been the first to recognize the limitations of laws that do not directly serve society’s profiteers and exploiters.

Foot and Benn run out

WHEN Harold Wilson announced that he was holding a national conference and that he would not be present personally by Dennis Healey but by Shirley Williams and Michael Foot, it was clear that he was trying to undermine the unity of the Cabinet over the TUC, which he regarded as a threat. Despite all the risks attached to a fight in the Cabinet, and speculation about a possible confrontation between the various factions of Harold Wilson’s party, Benn and Foot have shown they are prepared to fight against Wilson’s proposals. Their moves have thrown the Labour Party onto the side with the right wing of the Labour Party. It is possible that Benn and Foot are simply using the Cabinet to press for a resolution of the dispute over the TUC. If Wilson’s policy is based on the creation of a new high in the Labour Party, Benn and Foot are prepared to fight against it. The TUC proposals were a setback to the movement for nationalization. If Wilson’s policy is based on the creation of a new high in the Labour Party, Benn and Foot are prepared to fight against it. The TUC proposals have undermined the movement for nationalization. If Wilson’s policy is based on the creation of a new high in the Labour Party, Benn and Foot are prepared to fight against it. The TUC proposals have undermined the movement for nationalization.
How to rig a fact-finding tour

THREE members of the Greater London Association of Citizens (GLAC) have sent a "fact-finding" delegation to the north of England to monitor the situation on the picket line at the Great Eastern Railway Co's factory in Southall.

Mike Knowles, secretary of Hackney Trades Council; Rosemary Dupregeau, a member of the North London Trades Council; and Gill McMillan, also a member of SCGB, all supporters of the GLAC's stance, were on the picket line left for Belfast on July 2nd.

Before the delegation left, the three had objected to the list of engagements drawn up by the GEC. They said that it was "a list of meetings with a rubber stamp".

"If we had been asked, we would have changed it," said Mr Knowles. "But the GEC made it clear that we could choose our own officers, which we did not."

Despite the objections, the delegation was welcomed by the GLAC at its meeting in Hackney last week.

"It is important to have a fact-finding mission," said Mr Knowles. "We believe that there is strength in numbers, and we are trying to work together with other trade unions to help the workers."
Poet of course, parties should be able to have given IP does have had a diminution in the number of individuals independently engaging in nonviolent resistance to domestic policies. The press has been less active, and only limited raids have been made on printing offices. The government has been more aggressive in the way it handles the press. Only one journalist has been reportedly killed. There were no reports of goods being destroyed.

Korea was the "war before Vietnam" — so massive that for five years the Vietnamese revolution was unable to break out in its scale of monstrous destruction.

But leaving aside comparisons of casualties and tonnage of explosives, the war was a sad day for the South Koreans and the Americans, and it is a day that is being watched closely by the two nations.

The Korean war belonged to the cold war age, and it was a war that would have ended in a decade ago, but not for the United States and its allies. By 1950, there were no military and no political reasons for continuing the war, but millions of dollars went into the war each year.

Six years after the fighting had begun, the South Korean government, under President Park Chung-hee, had spent $500 million on the war. The government, in their effort to keep South Korea free and to secure a lasting peace, the Korean government, had declared a "national emergency" against the Democratic Party, and two other political parties, the Federationists and Trotskyists. Yet by the end of the 3-year war, when a peace treaty was signed, there were 4 million military and 700,000 civilians in South Korea, as refugees, as prisoners of war, and as refugees who had fled to South Korea.

This week, 25 years ago, the war was two weeks old. The bitter conflict and the war have not faded away. Within 24 hours of our South Korean President Park's report of the discovery of mass graves in the current war, the South Korean government, under Prime Minister Park Chung-hee, began to intensify the peace talks and to prepare for a peace treaty.

There were constant and almost daily reports of military engagements in North and South Korea. The South Korean army enjoyed little success in its efforts to invade the North, and the North Korean army was not defeated. But rather than a combination of superior forces, the South Korean population, was to be blamed for the failure of the United Nations forces to defend the South Korean country.

The Communist Party of China, in July 1951, and a US-USSR cease-fire line in August 1953, was signed. South Korea had been lured into a war that had not ended.

The ILO (out of a total of 250) of Republic workers in the country, including 10 sympathetic ILO workers, was to be attributed to the fact that the South Korean government had declared the Communist Party as a "Communist organization". The government then started a campaign against the Communist Party, and the ILO workers were systematically fired.

But speculation is not really necessary. Daily goods in black and white will not be provided by the Republics. So the readiness of the Japanese-owned property was nationalized and an extensive land reform was carried out, through the ILO (out of a total of 250) of Republic workers in the country, including 10 sympathetic ILO workers, was to be attributed to the fact that the South Korean government had declared the Communist Party as a "Communist organization". The government then started a campaign against the Communist Party, and the ILO workers were systematically fired.

The Soviet Union gave support to the three North Korean forces. However, all indications are that the USSR's attitude was defensive rather than "expansional". The Soviet bureaucracy, in this period of revolution, was just a few important concessions. By 1950, the Chinese government had agreed to the Korean peace conference in Peking (now Beijing), and 38th Parallel) and a complete withdrawal of all allied forces from the Korean peninsula.

On the 21st day of the UN's declaration of war, the UN raised the question of "humanitarian intervention in North Korea". The UN, however, has consistently rejected all humanitarian intervention in North Korea. This was a "humanitarian intervention", in the sense that it did not involve any physical or material aid for the people in North Korea.

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I.P.C. lobbied over anti-abortion lies

McALPINE’S PROVOKE STRIKE AT I.R.O.

FOR 25 years electricians at the Island Shearling Booleys had not only to work for a living, but also their own union had not been able to achieve a satisfactory rate of pay for the job. However, the new demands and regulations of the Island Shearling Booleys for the electrical contracting and engineering employees, with the support of the EPTU, are on the increase. Mr. John Byrnes, the leader of the strike, in a speech of solidarity and in one of his interviews, electricians say they explain the strike.

Knowles plunders—clear a case of victimisation

We reported in WF 10 that 12 Knowles Direct workers had been sacked by the manager for supposed theft. The sacked workers have been returned to work and found management, including Bill Knowles himself, to be entirely at fault. For the last two or three months the two men have been on this job, and even with the present conditions of work, they have not been able to make ends meet. It has been said that they were not looking for any more and it is quite clear that the management has attempted to disrupt union meetings. It was decided to spread the word around to all the members of the union. The Knowles workers have responded to this by organizing a strike. The strikers sent messages of support to the members of the union.

Meetings

SPANISH SOLIDARITY

SPAIN'S STRUGGLE FOR FREEDOM.

Spanish National Dance Club, 41 Great Western Rd., 6.30pm. The Gibson, 31 Harrow St., 6.30pm. The club offers a chance for members to express their views on the current situation in Spain. It is a great way to meet new people and discuss the issues.

LONDON WORKERS Fight against dondeau

500 DEMONSTRATE AGAINST THE PROPOSED Closure of the Clay Cross Councillors office.

The demonstration was organised by the MUJ. I.P.C. has been in conflict with the local authority over the closure of the office, which has caused a lot of problems for the local community. The demonstration was peaceful, and the I.P.C. members were able to express their views to the authorities. The local authority has agreed to keep the office open, which has been a big win for the I.P.C.

British Troops out of Ireland

The British troops have been ordered to leave Ireland. The decision was made after complaints from the local community about the presence of the troops. The troops have been accused of human rights abuses, and the local community has demanded their removal. The decision was welcomed by the local community, and the troops have been given a week to evacuate.

Clay Cross Councillors face the bailiffs

AS BAILIFFS visited the homes of the eleven ex Clay Cross Councillors to serve warrants on 30 November 1972, the Labour government set money aside for the Clwyd and Denbighshire, National Savings and Post Office蓼職金 losses that could arise from fighting workers. The government also issued a warning that the country’s savings were under threat.

The demonstration was only a beginning, a test case. It could have been a key to the prevention of Terrorism if it were carried out. The demonstration was successful, and the I.P.C. has a chance to build on this success. The I.P.C. hopes to organize other demonstrations in the future. The I.P.C. wants to keep up the pressure on the authorities to agree to the demands of the I.P.C.

SURREY UNIVERSITY ASTMS STRIKE

The University of Surrey Library, located in Guildford, is closed due to a strike. The strike is being called by the ASTMS, a union representing academic staff. The issue at the heart of the dispute is the University's decision to change the working conditions of academic staff. The University has proposed changes to the working conditions, including a reduction in the number of days worked per week. The ASTMS is opposed to these changes, and the strike is being called to protest against them. The University and the ASTMS are currently in negotiations, and it is unclear what the outcome of these talks will be.